# Draft Science Standards Crosswalk

### Science Crosswalk

### Purpose of this crosswalk

This crosswalk is a draft showing alignment between the science standards in the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) and the proposed Washington (WA) State K–12 Learning Standards for Science. This crosswalk can be used to understand how the NGSS were updated, revised, and reorganized.

# The WA State K–12 Learning Standards for Science have not yet been formally adopted. This crosswalk is a draft only.

### **Crosswalk Key**

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
<b>Code and Title</b> of standard in the Next Generation Science Standards (2013.)	Text of <b>Essential Questions</b> for the standard or group of standards in the next row.
Text of standard in the NGSS.	New Priority Standard text is listed above the supporting standards in the same row.
	Text of standards in the draft WA State Learning Standards for Science (2024).
Addition of Environmental and Sustainability Education	Text of draft ESE standards.

**Note:** Performance Expectations moved between DCI and Priority Arrangement have been marked with and asterisk (\*); all NGSS Performance Expectations are included.



# Kindergarten

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
K-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions	What happens if you push or pull an object in different ways?
K-PS2-1	Priority: WA.K.PS2
Plan and conduct an investigation to compare	Use evidence, data, and investigation to show
the effects of different strengths or different	and compare how pushes and pulls affect the
directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	motion of objects; apply learned understandings to design and test ways to
or an object.	intentionally control the motion of objects.
K-PS2-2	
Analyze data to determine if a design solution	K-PS2-1
works as intended to change the speed or	Plan and conduct an investigation to
direction of an object with a push or a pull.	compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls
	on the motion of an object.
	K-PS2-2
	Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the
	speed or direction of an object with a push
	or a pull. [Engineering]
K-PS3 Energy	How does sunlight affect the temperature of
	things on the Earth? How can we change that?
K-PS3-1	Priority: WA.K.PS3
Make observations to determine the effect of	Use evidence and investigation to show how
sunlight on Earth's surface.	sunlight affects temperature of surfaces; use learned understandings to design and build a
K-PS3-2	
K-F 55-2	structure that can decrease the temperature
Use tools and materials to design and build a	structure that can decrease the temperature of a surface heated by the sun.
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun.
Use tools and materials to design and build a	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1 Make observations to determine the effect
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1 Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface. K-PS3-2
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1 Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface. K-PS3-2 Use tools and materials to design and build
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1 Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface. K-PS3-2 Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1 Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface. K-PS3-2 Use tools and materials to design and build
Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect	of a surface heated by the sun. K-PS3-1 Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface. K-PS3-2 Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area. [Climate]

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
K-LS1-1 Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	<b>Priority: WA K.LS1</b> Use evidence and modeling to show and explain what living things need to survive and how they get it from the places they live.
	K-LS1-1 Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive. [ESE] K-ESS2-2 Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants and animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their needs. [ESE]
	K-ESS3-1 Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants or animals (including humans) and the places they live. [Climate] [ESE]
K-ESS2 Earth's Systems	What patterns can we see in our weather and how can we use those patterns to be safe?
K-ESS2-1 Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time. K-ESS2-2 Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants and animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their needs.*	<ul> <li>Priority: WA K.ESS2</li> <li>Use evidence and data to show and explain patterns in local weather and how humans use those patterns to plan ahead and design for safety.</li> <li>K-ESS2-1</li> <li>Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time. [Climate]</li> <li>K-ESS3-2</li> <li>Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather. [Climate] [Engineering]</li> </ul>
K-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity	How can humans help the Earth?
K-ESS3-1	Priority: WA K.ESS3

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants or animals (including humans) and the places they live.*	Develop and share ideas about how humans can help and protect the environment where they live. K-ESS3-3 Communicate solutions that will reduce the
Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.*	impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment. [Climate] [Engineering] [ESE]
K-ESS3-3 Communicate solutions that will reduce the	
impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment.	
K-2-ETS 1 Engineering Design	How do we engineer solutions to a problem?
K-2-ETS1-1	Priority: WA K.ETS1
Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new	Use and apply the engineering design process to design, test, and improve innovations and solutions to problems.
or improved object or tool.	K-2-ETS1-1
K-2-ETS1-2 Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.
K-2-ETS1-3 Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs	K-2-ETS1-2 Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.
	K-2-ETS1-3
	Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.
	Environmental and Sustainability Education

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	<b>Priority: WA.K.ESE.1</b> Through project-based learning, develop an investigation related to the interconnected spheres of nature, society, and the economy in partnership with local communities, including tribes, then communicate about and act upon solutions for local environmental problems.
Addition of Environmental and Sustainability Education	K.ESE.1-1 Design an investigation to explore phenomena related to the roles of money, society, environmental problems, and sustainability solutions in local and tribal communities.
	K.ESE.1-2 Analyze and evaluate data gathered on school grounds to explain local scientific phenomena resulting from the influence that natural settings and human-built structures have on each other.
	K.ESE.1-3 Engage in place-based learning to communicate about and act on personal and collective solutions for sustainable communities, with a focus on tribal sovereignty.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
1-PS4 Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer	What can light and sound do?
1-PS4-1 Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate	<b>Priority: WA.1.PS4</b> Use evidence, data, and investigation to show and explain how light and sound behave; use learned understandings to design a solution to a communication problem.
1-PS4-2 Make observations to construct an evidence- based account that objects can be seen only when illuminated 1-PS4-3	1-PS4-1 Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.
Plan and conduct an investigation to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light.	1-PS4-2 Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that objects can be seen only when illuminated.
1-PS4-4 Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance.	1-PS4-3 Plan and conduct an investigation to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light.
	1-PS4-4 Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance. [Engineering]
1-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes	How do the structures and behaviors of living things help them survive?
1-LS1-1 Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs. 1-LS1-2	<b>Priority: WA 1.LS1</b> Use research and investigation to show and explain how plants and animals use parts and behaviors to survive: use learned understandings to engineer a solution to a human problem. 1-LS1-1

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive	Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs. [Engineering] [ESE] 1-LS1-2 Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.
1-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of	How are living things similar and different
Traits	from their parents?
1-LS3-1 Make observations to construct an evidence- based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	Priority: WA 1.LS3 Use observational evidence to show and explain similarities and differences between plant and animal parents and their offspring. 1-LS3-1 Make observations to construct an evidence- based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.
1-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe	How do the sun, moon, and stars cause patterns in what we see on Earth?
1-ESS1-1	Priority: WA 1.ESS1
Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted 1-ESS1-2 Make observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year.	Use evidence, data, and observation to notice and describe patterns in daylight and in the movement of the Sun, Moon, and stars. 1-ESS1-1 Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted. 1-ESS1-2 Make observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the
	time of year.
K-2-ETS1 Engineering Design	How do we engineer solutions to a problem?
K-2-ETS1-1 Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to	Priority: WA 1.ETS1

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	Use and apply the engineering design process to design, test, and improve innovations and solutions to problems.
K-2-ETS1-2 Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem. K-2-ETS1-3 Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs	<ul> <li>K-2-ETS1-1</li> <li>Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-2</li> <li>Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.</li> <li>K-2-ETS1-3</li> <li>Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to</li> </ul>
	compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.
	Environmental and Sustainability Education
Addition of Environmental and Sustainability Education	<ul> <li>Priority: WA.1.ESE.1</li> <li>Apply project-based learning to communicate about and act upon solutions for environmental problems in partnership with local communities, including tribes.</li> <li>1.ESE.1-1 <ul> <li>Design an investigation to explore how money, society, and the environment are connected to environmental problems and sustainability solutions in local and tribal communities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	1.ESE.1-2 Explore school grounds to engage in inquiry and explain scientific phenomena related to how natural settings and human- built structures influence each other.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	1.ESE.1-3 Apply the knowledge and skills necessary to communicate about and act on personal and collective solutions for sustainable communities.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
2-PS1 Matter and Its Interactions	How do we know which materials are right for the job?
2-PS1-1	Priority: WA 2.PS1
Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties. 2-PS1-2	Use evidence, data, and investigation to describe matter and its properties; apply learned understandings about properties to identify and explain materials suitable for a given purpose.
Analyze data obtained from testing different	
materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose. 2-PS1-3	2-PS1-1 Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.
Make observations to construct an evidence- based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.	2-PS1-2 Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.
2-PS1-4	[Engineering] [ESE]
Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.	2-PS1-3 Make observations to construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.
	2-PS1-4 Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.
2-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and	How do plants get what they need to grow
Dynamics	and reproduce?
2-LS2-1	Priority: WA 2.LS2
Plan and conduct an investigation to	Use evidence, investigation and modeling to
determine if plants need sunlight and water to grow.	show and explain how matter, energy, and sometimes animals are needed for plants to grow and reproduce.
2-LS2-2	
	2-LS2-1

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Develop a simple model that mimics the	Plan and conduct an investigation to
function of an animal in dispersing seeds or	determine if plants need sunlight and
pollinating plants.	water to grow. [ESE]
	2-LS2-2
	Develop a simple model that mimics the
	function of an animal in dispersing seeds
2   C4 Rielegical Evalution Units and Disputits	or pollinating plants. [Engineering]
2-LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity	How many different plants and animals can live in a habitat?
2-LS4-1	Priority: WA 2.LS4
Make observations of plants and animals to	Use evidence and data to identify and
compare the diversity of life in different	compare the variety of living things in
habitats.	different habitats.
	2-LS4-1
	Make observations of plants and animals
	to compare the diversity of life in different
	habitats. [ESE]
2-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe	What do Earth's features look like and how do
2.5001.4	they change?
2-ESS1-1 Use information from several sources to	Priority: WA 2.ESS1
	Use research, evidence, and data to show and
provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.	explain quick and slow changes in the Earth's
	appearance.
	2-ESS1-1
	Use information from several sources to
	provide evidence that Earth events can
	occur quickly or slowly. [Climate]
2-ESS2 Earth's Systems	What do Earth's features look like and how do
	they change?
2-ESS2-1	Priority: WA 2.ESS2
Compare multiple solutions designed to slow	Use research, maps and modeling to
or prevent wind or water from changing the	understand and represent land and water on
shape of the land.	Earth; use engineering thinking to analyze and compare solutions to erosion changing the
2-ESS2-2	land's appearance.
Develop a model to represent the shapes and	
kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.	2-ESS2-1
	Compare multiple solutions designed to

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Obtain information to identify where water is	changing the shape of the land.
found on Earth and that it can be solid or	[Engineering] [ESE]
liquid	
	2-ESS2-2
	Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an
	and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area. [ESE]
	2-ESS2-3
	Obtain information to identify where water
	is found on Earth and understand that it
	can be solid or liquid. [ESE]
K-2-ETS1 Engineering Design	How do we engineer solutions to a problem?
K-2-ETS1-1	Priority: WA 2.ETS1
Ask questions, make observations, and gather	Use and apply the engineering design process
information about a situation people want to	to design, test, and improve innovations and
change to define a simple problem that can	solutions to problems.
be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	K-2-ETS1-1
	Ask questions, make observations, and
K-2-ETS1-2	gather information about a situation
Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical	people want to change to define a simple
model to illustrate how the shape of an object	problem that can be solved through the
helps it function as needed to solve a given	development of a new or improved object
problem.	or tool.
K-2-ETS1-3	K-2-ETS1-2
Analyze data from tests of two objects	Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or
designed to solve the same problem to	physical model to illustrate how the shape
compare the strengths and weaknesses of	of an object helps it function as needed to
how each performs	solve a given problem.
	K-2-ETS1-3
	Analyze data from tests of two objects
	designed to solve the same problem to
	compare the strengths and weaknesses of
	how each performs. Environmental and Sustainability Education
	Priority: WA.2.ESE.1
Addition of Environmental and	Through project-based learning, synthesize
Sustainability Education	information from multiple sources about local
-	ecological, social, and economic systems to

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	communicate and act upon solutions for environmental problems in the community with partners, including tribes.
	2.ESE.1-1 Research multiple perspectives to understand and communicate ideas about how money, society, and the environment are connected to environmental problems and solutions found in class, at school, at home, and in local tribal communities.
	2.ESE.1-2 Use the school grounds and campus to identify connections between the natural world and human-made structures, then gather, analyze, and draw conclusions from data gathered during field-based learning.
	2.ESE.1-3 Apply knowledge and skills to select a cost-effective approach to solve an environmental problem among many alternative solutions, then take individual or collective action to authentically communicate about or implement their solution.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
3-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and	How do objects move and interact with other
Interactions	objects?
3-PS2-1	Priority: WA 3.PS2
Plan and conduct an investigation to provide	Use evidence and data to investigate and
evidence of the effects of balanced and	measure an object's motion and how forces
unbalanced forces on the motion of an object.	affect the motion of objects; use acquired understandings to show how magnetic forces
3-PS2-2	can be used in engineering solutions.
Make observations and/or measurements of	
an object's motion to provide evidence that a	3-PS2-1
pattern can be used to predict future motion.	Plan and conduct an investigation to
	provide evidence of the effects of balanced
3-PS2-3	and unbalanced forces on the motion of an
Ask questions to determine cause and effect	object.
relationships of electric or magnetic	
interactions between two objects not in	3-PS2-2
contact with each other.	Make observations and/or measurements
3-PS2-4	of an object's motion to provide evidence
Define a simple design problem that can be	that a pattern can be used to predict future motion.
solved by applying scientific ideas about	motion.
magnets.	3-PS2-3
	Ask questions to determine cause and
	effect relationships of electric or magnetic
	interactions between two objects not in
	contact with each other.
	3-PS2-4
	Define a simple design problem that can
	be solved by applying scientific ideas about
	magnets. [Engineering]
3-LS1 From molecules to Organisms:	How do living things grow and develop over
Structures and Processes	their lifetime?
3-LS1-1	Priority: WA 3.LS1
Develop models to describe that organisms	Use modeling to show, compare, and contrast
have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction,	life cycle patterns.
and death.	3-LS1-1
	Develop models to describe that organisms
	have unique and diverse life cycles, but all
	have allique and alverse life cycles, but all

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	have in common birth, growth,
	reproduction, and death.
3-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and	
Dynamics	
3-LS2-1	
Construct an argument that some animals	Grouped with Priority: WA 3.LS4
form groups that help members survive.*	
3-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of	What makes living things look the way they
Traits	do? How does appearance affect survival and
	reproduction?
3-LS3-1	Priority: WA 3.LS3
Analyze and interpret data to provide	Use evidence and data to show and explain
evidence that plants and animals have traits	inherited and acquired traits; apply
inherited from parents and that variation of	understanding of traits to explain how
these traits exists in a group of similar	variations can affect survival and
organisms.	reproduction.
3-LS3-2	3-LS3-1
Use evidence to support the explanation that	Analyze and interpret data to provide
traits can be influenced by the environment.	evidence that plants and animals have
traits can be initialiced by the environment.	traits inherited from parents and that
	variation of these traits exists in a group of
	similar organisms.
	sinnar organishis.
	3-LS3-2
	Use evidence to support the explanation
	that traits can be influenced by the
	environment. [ESE]
	3-LS4-2
	Use evidence to construct an explanation
	for how the variations in characteristics
	among individuals of the same species may
	provide advantages in surviving, finding
	mates, and reproducing.
3-LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity	How are characteristics, behaviors, and needs
	of living things related to their environments
	where they live?
3-LS4-1	Priority: WA 3.LS4
Analyze and interpret data from fossils to	Use evidence, data, and modeling to show
provide evidence of the organisms and the	and explain how characteristics and behaviors
environments in which they lived long ago.	of living things are related to how well they

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
3-LS4-2 Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.*	can survive in their environment; use learned understandings to analyze solutions to problems caused by environmental changes. 3-LS2-1 Construct an argument that some animals form groups that help members survive.
3-LS4-3 Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.	3-LS4-1 Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago.
3-LS4-4 Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.	3-LS4-3 Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all. [Climate] [ESE]
	3-LS4-4 Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change. [Engineering] [ESE]
3-ESS2 Earth's Systems	What is weather and climate like in different places and how does it affect living things?
<ul> <li>3-ESS2-1</li> <li>Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.</li> <li>3-ESS2-2</li> <li>Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Priority: WA 3.ESS2</li> <li>Use research, data, and modeling to show and explain patterns in weather and climate.</li> <li>3-ESS2-1</li> <li>Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season. [Climate] [ESE]</li> <li>3-ESS2-2</li> </ul>
	Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world. [Climate]

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
3-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity	What is weather and climate like in different
	places and how does it affect living things?
3-ESS3-1	Priority: WA 3.ESS3
Make a claim about the merit of a design	Use engineering thinking to compare and
solution that reduces the impacts of a	analyze solutions to weather related
weather-related hazard.	problems.
	3-ESS3-1
	Make a claim about the merit of a design
	solution that reduces the impacts of a
	weather-related hazard. [Climate]
3-5-ETS1 Engineering Design	[Engineering] [ESE] How do we engineer solutions to a problem?
3-5-ETS1-Engineering Design	Priority: WA 3.ETS1
Define a simple design problem reflecting a	Use and apply the engineering design process
need or a want that includes specified criteria	to design, test, and improve innovations and
for success and constraints on materials, time,	solutions to problems.
or cost.	
	3-5-ETS1-1
3-5-ETS1-2	Define a simple design problem reflecting
Generate and compare multiple possible	a need or a want that includes specified
solutions to a problem based on how well	criteria for success and constraints on
each is likely to meet the criteria and	materials, time, or cost.
constraints of the problem.	
	3-5-ETS1-2
3-5-ETS1-3	Generate and compare multiple possible
Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables	solutions to a problem based on how well
are controlled and failure points are	each is likely to meet the criteria and
considered to identify aspects of a model or	constraints of the problem.
prototype that can be improved.	
	3-5-ETS1-3
	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points
	are considered to identify aspects of a
	model or prototype that can be improved.
	How do we work together to ensure a healthy
	environment and sustainable economy for
	future generations?
	Priority: WA.3.ESE.1
Addition of Environmental and	Through project-based learning, synthesize
Sustainability Education	information from multiple sources about local
	ecological, social, and economic systems,

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	collaborating with partners and tribes in ways that foster solutions to local environmental problems.
	3.ESE.1-1 Cite multiple sources and perspectives in an analysis of and presentation about environmental sustainability in the community, considering values at the individual, community, and tribal level.
	3.ESE.1-2 Design an investigation on school grounds to gather, analyze, and present data about how the built environment of the school improves or reduces environmental quality (e.g. impacts on/benefits to water quality, air quality, biodiversity, waste).
	3.ESE.1-3 Gather, analyze, and evaluate information, building the knowledge, attitudes, and understanding needed to demonstrate personal and civic responsibility for improved environmental sustainability at the local level.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
4-PS3 Energy	What can energy do and how can we use it?
<ul> <li>4-PS3 Energy</li> <li>4-PS3-1</li> <li>Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object</li> <li>4-PS3-2</li> <li>Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents</li> <li>4-PS3-3</li> <li>Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide</li> <li>4-PS3-4</li> <li>Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What can energy do and how can we use it?</li> <li>Priority: WA 4.PS3 Use evidence, data, and investigation to explain energy transfer and the energy of objects in motion; apply these understandings to design and build a device that converts energy. <ul> <li>4-PS3-1</li> <li>Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object.</li> <li>4-PS3-2</li> <li>Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.</li> <li>4-PS3-3</li> <li>Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide.</li> <li>4-PS3-4</li> <li>Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another. [Engineering]</li> </ul></li></ul>
4-PS4 Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer	What can energy do and how can we use it?
4-PS4-1 Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move 4-PS4-2	<b>Priority: WA 4.PS4</b> Use investigation, evidence and modeling to show and explain how energy behaves, including as waves; design and evaluate solutions that use energy in patterns to communicate.
Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.	4-PS4-1 Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
4-PS4-3	wavelength and that waves can cause
Generate and compare multiple solutions that	objects to move.
use patterns to transfer information.	
	4-PS4-2
	Develop a model to describe that light
	reflecting from objects and entering the
	eye allows objects to be seen.
	4-PS4-3
	Generate and compare multiple solutions
	that use patterns to transfer information.
	[Engineering]
4-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms:	How do internal and external structures help
Structures and Processes	living things function and survive?
4-LS1-1	Priority: WA 4.LS1
Construct an argument that plants and	Use modeling to show and explain internal
animals have internal and external structures	and external structures of plants and animals
that function to support survival, growth,	that help them live successfully.
behavior, and reproduction	
	4-LS1-1
4-LS1-2	Construct an argument that plants and
Use a model to describe that animals receive	animals have internal and external
different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain,	structures that function to support survival,
and respond to the information in different	growth, behavior, and reproduction.
ways.	4-LS1-2
	Use a model to describe that animals
	receive different types of information
	through their senses, process the
	information in their brain, and respond to
	the information in different ways.
4-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe	What are Earth's features and how do they
	change?
4-ESS1-1	Priority: WA 4.ESS1
Identify evidence from patterns in rock	Use evidence to show and explain how Earth's
formations and fossils in rock layers to	features have changed over time.
support an explanation for changes in a	
landscape over time.	4-ESS1-1
	Identify evidence from patterns in rock
	formations and fossils in rock layers to
	support an explanation for changes in a
	landscape over time. [Climate]

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
4-ESS2 Earth's Systems	What are Earth's features and how do they
	change?
4-ESS2-1	Priority: WA 4.ESS2
Make observations and/or measurements to	Use investigation, evidence, and data to show
provide evidence of the effects of weathering	and explain patterns in Earth's features and
or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or	what causes those features to change.
vegetation.	
4-ESS2-2	4-ESS2-1 Make observations and/or measurements
Analyze and interpret data from maps to	to provide evidence of the effects of
describe patterns of Earth's features.	weathering or the rate of erosion by water,
describe patterns of Lartins realtifes.	ice, wind, or vegetation. [Climate] [ESE]
	4-ESS2-2
	Analyze and interpret data from maps to
	describe patterns of Earth's features. [ESE]
4-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity	How do humans and the Earth affect each
	other?
4-ESS3-1	Priority: WA 4.ESS3
Obtain and combine information to describe	Research to understand and explain human
that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and that their uses affect the	impacts on the environment and design
environment.	solutions to lessen impacts of environmental events on humans.
	events on numaris.
4-ESS3-2	4-ESS3-1
Generate and compare multiple solutions to	Obtain and combine information to
reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes	describe that energy and fuels are derived
on humans.	from natural resources and that their uses
	affect the environment. [ESE]
	4-ESS3-2
	Generate and compare multiple solutions
	to reduce the impacts of natural Earth
	processes on humans. [Engineering] [ESE]
3-5-ETS1 Engineering Design	How do we engineer solutions to a problem?
3-5-ETS1-1	Priority: WA 4.ETS1
Define a simple design problem reflecting a	Use and apply the engineering design process
need or a want that includes specified criteria	to design, test, and improve innovations and
for success and constraints on materials, time,	solutions to problems.
or cost.	
	3-5-ETS1-1
3-5-ETS1-2	

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Generate and compare multiple possible	Define a simple design problem reflecting
solutions to a problem based on how well	a need or a want that includes specified
each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.	criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
constraints of the problem.	materials, time, or cost.
3-5-ETS1-3	3-5-ETS1-2
Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables	Generate and compare multiple possible
are controlled and failure points are	solutions to a problem based on how well
considered to identify aspects of a model or	each is likely to meet the criteria and
prototype that can be improved.	constraints of the problem.
	3-5-ETS1-3
	Plan and carry out fair tests in which
	variables are controlled and failure points
	are considered to identify aspects of a
	model or prototype that can be improved.
	How do we work together to ensure a healthy environment and sustainable economy for
	future generations?
	Priority: WA.4.ESE.1
	Through project-based learning, synthesize
	evidence using information from multiple
	sources about local ecological, social, and
	economic systems to collaborate with
	community partners and tribes in ways that
	foster solutions to local environmental
	problems.
	4.ESE.1-1
Addition of Environmental and	Cite multiple sources and perspectives in an analysis of and presentation about
Sustainability Education	environmental sustainability in the
	community, considering values at the
	individual, community, and tribal level.
	4.ESE.1-2
	Design an investigation on school grounds
	to make observations and/or
	measurements that provide evidence of the built environment's effect on
	environmental quality (e.g. impacts
	on/benefits to water quality, air quality,
	biodiversity, waste).

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	4.ESE.1-3 Apply scientific ideas to solve design problems related to environmental sustainability, demonstrating the knowledge, attitudes, and understanding needed for personal and civic responsibility related to tribal sovereignty in Washington.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
5-PS1 Matter and Its Interactions	What are the properties of matter and what causes those properties to change or stay the same?
<ul> <li>5-PS1-1</li> <li>Develop a model to describe that matter is made of particles too small to be seen.</li> <li>5-PS1-2</li> <li>Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.</li> <li>5-PS1-3</li> <li>Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties.</li> <li>5-PS1-4</li> <li>Conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.</li> </ul>	same?         Priority: WA 5.PS1         Use evidence, data, and modeling to         investigate and measure the properties of         matter and how combining matter or         changing its temperature affects those         properties.         5-PS1-1         Develop a model to describe that matter is         made of particles too small to be seen.         5-PS1-2         Measure and graph quantities to provide         evidence that regardless of the type of         change that occurs when heating, cooling,         or mixing substances, the total weight of         matter is conserved.         5-PS1-3         Make observations and measurements to         identify materials based on their         properties.
<ul> <li>5-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions</li> <li>5-PS2-1</li> <li>Support an argument that the gravitational force exerted by Earth on objects is directed down.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5-PS1-4 <ul> <li>Conduct an investigation to determine</li> <li>whether the mixing of two or more</li> <li>substances results in new substances.</li> </ul> </li> <li>How does living on Earth affect what we see and feel?</li> <li>Priority: WA 5.PS2 <ul> <li>Use evidence, data, and modeling to show</li> <li>and explain how Earth's mass affects how</li> <li>objects on its surface feel (weight) and</li> <li>behave.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	5-PS2-1

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	Support an argument that the gravitational
	force exerted by Earth on objects is
	directed down.
5-PS3 Energy	How do living things use matter and energy?
5-PS3-1	Priority: WA 5.PS3
Use models to describe that energy in	Use models to show and explain how the
animals' food (used for body repair, growth,	Sun's energy is passed through systems made
motion, and to maintain body warmth) was	up of plants and animals, including how that
once energy from the sun.	energy is used for life processes.
	5-PS3-1
	Use models to describe that energy in
	animals' food (used for body repair, growth, motion, and to maintain body
	warmth) was once energy from the sun.
5-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms:	How do living things use matter and energy?
Structures and Processes	now do living things use matter and energy:
5-LS1-1	Priority: WA 5.LS1
Support an argument that plants get the	Use investigation, evidence and data to show
materials they need for growth chiefly from air	and explain where plants obtain matter
and water.	needed grow.
	5-LS1-1
	Support an argument that plants get the
	materials they need for growth chiefly from
	air and water.
5-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and	How do living things use matter and energy?
Dynamics	
5-LS2-1	Priority: WA 5.LS2
Develop a model to describe the movement	Use evidence, data, and modeling to show
of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	and explain the movement of matter among living and non-living parts of an ecosystem.
decomposers, and the environment.	nong and non-nong parts of an ecosystem.
	5-LS2-1
	Develop a model to describe the
	movement of matter among plants,
	animals, decomposers, and the
	environment. [Climate] [ESE]
5-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe	How does living on Earth affect what we see
	and feel?
5-ESS1-1	Priority: WA 5.ESS1

	M/A Science (2024)
NGSS (2013) Support an argument that differences in the	WA Science (2024) Use evidence, data, and modeling to show
apparent brightness of the sun compared to	and explain how relative locations and motion
other stars is due to their relative distances	of the Earth, Sun, Moon, and stars result in
from Earth.	patterns of what we see on Earth.
5-ESS1-2	5-ESS1-1
Represent data in graphical displays to reveal	Support an argument that differences in
patterns of daily changes in length and	the apparent brightness of the sun
direction of shadows, day and night, and the	compared to other stars is due to their
seasonal appearance of some stars in the	relative distances from Earth.
night sky.	
	5-ESS1-2
	Represent data in graphical displays to
	reveal patterns of daily changes in length
	and direction of shadows, day and night,
	and the seasonal appearance of some stars
	in the night sky.
5-ESS2 Earth's Systems	How do Earth's parts work together?
5-ESS2-1	Priority: WA 5.ESS2
Develop a model using an example to	Use evidence and modeling to show and
describe ways the geosphere, biosphere,	explain how the four major spheres of the
hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.	Earth interact with each other and the effects
	of those interactions.
5-ESS2-2	
Describe and graph the amounts of salt water and fresh water in various reservoirs to	5-ESS2-1
provide evidence about the distribution of	Develop a model using an example to
water on Earth.	describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.
	[Climate] [ESE]
	5-ESS2-2
	Describe and graph the amounts of salt
	water and fresh water in various reservoirs
	to provide evidence about the distribution
	of water on Earth. [ESE]
5-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity	How can humans work together to take care
	of our Earth?
5-ESS3-1	Priority: WA 5.ESS3
Obtain and combine information about ways	Conduct research to show and explain how
individual communities use science ideas to	communities can positively affect the health
protect the Earth's resources and	of their local and global environment.
environment.	

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	5-ESS3-1
	Obtain and combine information about
	ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and
	environment. [Climate] [ESE]
3-5-ETS1 Engineering Design	How do we engineer solutions to a problem?
3-5-ETS1-1	Priority: WA 5.ETS1
Define a simple design problem reflecting a	Use and apply the engineering design process
need or a want that includes specified criteria	to design, test, and improve innovations and
for success and constraints on materials, time,	solutions to problems.
or cost.	3-5-ETS1-1
3-5-ETS1-2	Define a simple design problem reflecting
Generate and compare multiple possible	a need or a want that includes specified
solutions to a problem based on how well	criteria for success and constraints on
each is likely to meet the criteria and	materials, time, or cost.
constraints of the problem.	
3-5-ETS1-3	3-5-ETS1-2 Generate and compare multiple possible
Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables	solutions to a problem based on how well
are controlled and failure points are	each is likely to meet the criteria and
considered to identify aspects of a model or	constraints of the problem.
prototype that can be improved.	
	3-5-ETS1-3
	Plan and carry out fair tests in which
	variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a
	model or prototype that can be improved.
	How do we work together to ensure a healthy
	environment and sustainable economy for
	future generations?
	Priority: WA.5.ESE.1
	Through project-based learning, synthesize information about ecological, social, and
	economic systems from multiple sources to
	understand, design, communicate, and act
Addition of Environmental and Sustainability Education	upon solutions for local environmental
	problems with community partners, including
	tribes.
	5.ESE.1-1 Cite multiple sources and perspectives in
	Cite multiple sources and perspectives in an analysis of a relevant local
	an analysis of a relevant local

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	environmental problem and how it connects to social, economic, and environmental systems, considering personal values at individual, community, and tribal scales.
	5.ESE.1-2 Design an investigation on school grounds to gather, analyze, and present data about how the built environment of the school improves or reduces environmental quality (e.g. impacts on/benefits to water quality, air quality, biodiversity, waste).
	5.ESE.1-3 Conduct a project that specifies a local environmental problem, identifies solution paths, solves the problem, and reports results demonstrating individual knowledge, attitudes, and understanding of personal and civic responsibility for improved environmental justice and sustainability.

### Middle School

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
MS-PS1 Matter and its Interactions	MS-PS1 Matter and its Interactions:
	How do atomic and molecular interactions
	explain the properties of matter that we see
	and feel?
MS-PS1-1	Priority: WA.MS.PS1
Develop models to describe the atomic	Use evidence, data, and modeling to show
composition of simple molecules and extended structures.	how atomic and molecular interactions
extended structures.	explain the properties of matter. Apply this understanding to engineer a device that
MS-PS1-2	releases or absorbs thermal energy.
Analyze and interpret data on the properties	releases of absorbs thermal energy.
of substances before and after the substances	MS-PS1-1
interact to determine if a chemical reaction	Develop models to describe the atomic
has occurred.	composition of simple molecules and
	extended structures. [Climate]
MS-PS1-3	
Gather and make sense of information to	MS-PS1-2
describe that synthetic materials come from	Analyze and interpret data on the
natural resources and impact society.	properties of substances before and after
	the substances interact to determine if a
MS-PS1-4	chemical reaction has occurred.
Develop a model that predicts and describes	MS-PS1-3
changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal	Gather and make sense of information to
energy is added or removed.	describe that synthetic materials come
	from natural resources and impact society.
MS-PS1-5	[Climate] [ESE]
Develop and use a model to describe how the	
total number of atoms does not change in a	MS-PS1-4
chemical reaction and thus mass is conserved.	Develop a model that predicts and
	describes changes in particle motion,
MS-PS1-6	temperature, and state of a pure substance
Undertake a design project to construct, test,	when thermal energy is added or removed.
and modify a device that either releases or	[Climate] [ESE]
absorbs thermal energy by chemical	MS-PS1-5
processes.	Develop and use a model to describe how
	the total number of atoms does not
	change in a chemical reaction and thus
	mass is conserved.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	MS-PS1-6
	Undertake a design project to construct,
	test, and modify a device that either
	releases or absorbs thermal energy by
	chemical processes. [Engineering]
MS-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and	MS-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and
Interactions	Interactions:
	How can one describe physical interactions
	between objects and within systems of
	objects?
MS-PS2-1	Priority: WA.MS.PS2
Apply Newton's Third Law to design a	Use data from investigations to construct an
solution to a problem involving the motion of	argument about how different forces interact
two colliding objects.	to create motion. Apply this understanding to
	engineer a solution to a problem involving
MS-PS2-2	colliding objects.
Plan an investigation to provide evidence that	
the change in an object's motion depends on	MS-PS2-1
the sum of the forces on the object and the	Apply Newton's Third Law to design a
mass of the object.	solution to a problem involving the motion
	of two colliding objects. [Engineering]
MS-PS2-3	
Ask questions about data to determine the	MS-PS2-2
factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion
magnetic forces.	depends on the sum of the forces on the
MS-PS2-4	object and the mass of the object.
Construct and present arguments using	object and the mass of the object.
evidence to support the claim that	MS-PS2-3
gravitational interactions are attractive and	Ask questions about data to determine the
depend on the masses of interacting objects.	factors that affect the strength of electric
	and magnetic forces.
MS-PS2-5	
Conduct an investigation and evaluate the	MS-PS2-4
experimental design to provide evidence that	Construct and present arguments using
fields exist between objects exerting forces on	evidence to support the claim that
each other even though the objects are not in	gravitational interactions are attractive and
contact.	depend on the masses of interacting
	objects.
	MS-PS2-5
	Conduct an investigation and evaluate the
	experimental design to provide evidence

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	that fields exist between objects exerting
	forces on each other even though the
	objects are not in contact.
MS-PS3 Energy	MS-PS3 Energy:
	How can energy be transferred from one
	object to another?
MS-PS3-1	Priority: WA.MS.PS3
Construct and interpret graphical displays of	Use evidence, data, and modeling to support
data to describe the relationships of kinetic	claims about the transfer of energy between
energy to the mass of an object and to the	objects and systems. Apply this understanding
speed of an object.	to engineer a device that minimizes or
	maximizes the transfer of thermal energy.
MS-PS3-2	
Develop a model to describe that when the	MS-PS3-1
arrangement of objects interacting at a	Construct and interpret graphical displays
distance changes, different amounts of	of data to describe the relationships of
potential energy are stored in the system.	kinetic energy to the mass of an object and
	to the speed of an object. (supporting MS-
MS-PS3-3	PS3-5)
Apply scientific principles to design, construct,	
and test a device that either minimizes or	MS-PS3-2
maximizes thermal energy transfer.	Develop a model to describe that when the
	arrangement of objects interacting at a
MS-PS3-4	distance changes, different amounts of
Plan an investigation to determine the	potential energy are stored in the system.
relationships among the energy transferred,	
the type of matter, the mass, and the change	MS-PS3-3
in the average kinetic energy of the particles	Apply scientific principles to design,
as measured by the temperature of the	construct, and test a device that either
sample.	minimizes or maximizes thermal energy
MS-PS3-5	transfer. [Engineering] [ESE}
Construct, use, and present arguments to	MS-PS3-4
support the claim that when the kinetic	Plan an investigation to determine the
energy of an object changes, energy is	relationships among the energy
transferred to or from the object.	transferred, the type of matter, the mass,
a ansience to or nom the object.	and the change in the average kinetic
	energy of the particles as measured by the
	temperature of the sample. [Climate]
	MS-PS3-5
	Construct, use, and present arguments to
	support the claim that when the kinetic

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	energy of an object changes, energy is
	transferred to or from the object.
MS-PS4 Waves and Their Applications in	MS-PS4 Waves and Their Applications in
Technologies for Information Transfer	Technologies for Information Transfer:
	What are the characteristic properties of
	waves and how can they be used?
MS-PS4-1	Priority: WA.MS.PS4
Use mathematical representations to describe	Use modeling and mathematical
a simple model for waves that includes how	representation to describe wave properties
the amplitude of a wave is related to the	and their applications.
energy in a wave.	
	MS-PS4-1
MS-PS4-2	Use mathematical representations to
Develop and use a model to describe that	describe a simple model for waves that
waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted	includes how the amplitude of a wave is
through various materials.	related to the energy in a wave.
MS-PS4-3	MS-PS4-2
Integrate qualitative scientific and technical	Develop and use a model to describe that
information to support the claim that digitized	waves are reflected, absorbed, or
signals are a more reliable way to encode and	transmitted through various materials.
transmit information than analog signals.	[Climate]
	MS-PS4-3
	Integrate qualitative scientific and technical
	information to support the claim that
	digitized signals are a more reliable way to
	encode and transmit information than
	analog signals.
MS-LS1 From Molecule to Organisms:	MS-LS1 From Molecule to Organisms:
Structures and Processes	Structures and Processes:
	How can one explain the ways cells contribute
	to the function of living organisms?
MS-LS1-1	Priority: WA.MS.LS1
Conduct an investigation to provide evidence	Use evidence and modeling to support
that living things are made of cells; either one	explanations of how cells contribute to the
cell or many different numbers and types of	structure and function of living organisms.
cells.	
	MS-LS1-1
MS-LS1-2	Conduct an investigation to provide
	evidence that living things are made of

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (20
Develop and use a model to describe the	cells; either one cell or man
function of a cell as a whole and ways the	numbers and types of cells.
parts of cells contribute to the function.	
	MS-LS1-2
MS-LS1-3	Develop and use a model t
Use argument supported by evidence for how	function of a cell as a whole
the body is a system of interacting	parts of cells contribute to
subsystems composed of groups of cells.	
	MS-LS1-3
MS-LS1-4	Use argument supported b
Use argument based on empirical evidence	how the body is a system c
and scientific reasoning to support an	subsystems composed of g
explanation for how characteristic animal	
behaviors and specialized plant structures	MS-LS1-4
affect the probability of successful	Use argument based on en and scientific reasoning to
reproduction of animals and plants respectively.	explanation for how charac
respectively.	behaviors and specialized p
MS-LS1-5	affect the probability of suc
Construct a scientific explanation based on	reproduction of animals an
evidence for how environmental and genetic	respectively.
factors influence the growth of organisms.	respectively.
	MS-LS1-5
MS-LS1-6	Construct a scientific explai
Construct a scientific explanation based on	evidence for how environm
evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the	genetic factors influence th
cycling of matter and flow of energy into and	organisms. [Climate] [Engin
out of organisms.	
	MS-LS1-6
MS-LS1-7	Construct a scientific explan
Develop a model to describe how food is	evidence for the role of ph

Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.

#### MS-LS1-8

Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories.

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to describe the le and ways the the function.

by evidence for of interacting groups of cells.

mpirical evidence support an cteristic animal plant structures lccessful nd plants

anation based on mental and he growth of neering]

anation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms. [Climate] [ESE]

#### MS-LS1-7

Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.

MS-LS1-8

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	Gather and synthesize information that
	sensory receptors respond to stimuli by
	sending messages to the brain for
	immediate behavior or storage as
	memories.
MS-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and	MS-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and
Dynamics	Dynamics:
	How does a system of living and non-living
	things operate to meet the needs of the
	organisms in an ecosystem?
MS-LS2-1	Priority: WA.MS.LS2
Analyze and interpret data to provide	Use evidence and modeling to support
evidence for the effects of resource availability	explanations of how living and non-living
on organisms and populations of organisms	components of an ecosystem interact and are
in an ecosystem.	utilized by organisms. Apply this
	understanding to engineer solutions to
MS-LS2-2	problems related to maintaining biodiversity
Construct an explanation that predicts	or ecosystem services.
patterns of interactions among organisms	
across multiple ecosystems.	MS-LS2-1
	Analyze and interpret data to provide
MS-LS2-3	evidence for the effects of resource
Develop a model to describe the cycling of	availability on organisms and populations
matter and flow of energy among living and	of organisms in an ecosystem. [Climate]
nonliving parts of an ecosystem.	[ESE]
MS-LS2-4	MS-LS2-2
Construct an argument supported by	Construct an explanation that predicts
empirical evidence that changes to physical or	patterns of interactions among organisms
biological components of an ecosystem affect	across multiple ecosystems. [Climate] [ESE]
populations.	
···	MS-LS2-3
MS-LS2-5	Develop a model to describe the cycling of
Evaluate competing design solutions for	matter and flow of energy among living
maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem	and nonliving parts of an ecosystem. [ESE]
services.	
	MS-LS2-4
	Construct an argument supported by
	empirical evidence that changes to physical
	or biological components of an ecosystem
	affect populations. [Climate] [ESE]
	MS-LS2-5

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	Evaluate competing design solutions for
	maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem
	services. [Climate] [Engineering] [ESE]
MS-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of	MS-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of
Traits	Traits:
	How do living organisms pass traits from one
	generation to the next?
MS-LS3-1	Priority: WA.MS.LS3
Develop and use a model to describe why	Develop and use models of how organisms
structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins	pass traits from one generation to the next and how the environment affects the traits an
and may result in harmful, beneficial, or	organism develops, and how the genetic
neutral effects to the structure and function of	information of offspring may be the same or
the organism.	different from a parent.
MS-LS3-2	MS-LS3-1
Develop and use a model to describe why	Develop and use a model to describe why
asexual reproduction results in offspring with	structural changes to genes (mutations)
identical genetic information and sexual	located on chromosomes may affect
reproduction results in offspring with genetic	proteins and may result in harmful,
variation.	beneficial, or neutral effects to the
	structure and function of the organism.
	MS-LS3-2
	Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring
	with identical genetic information and
	sexual reproduction results in offspring
	with genetic variation.
MS-LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and	MS-LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and
Diversity	Diversity:
	How do organisms change over time in
	response to changes in the environment?
MS-LS4-1	Priority: WA.MS.LS4
Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the	Use evidence and data to create explanations
fossil record that document the existence,	of how organisms change over time in
diversity, extinction, and change of life forms	response to environmental shifts.
throughout the history of life on Earth under	
the assumption that natural laws operate	MS-LS4-1
today as in the past.	Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the
MS-LS4-2	
IVIJ-LJ4-2	existence, diversity, extinction, and change

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Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships.

#### MS-LS4-3

Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy.

#### MS-LS4-4

Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.

#### MS-LS4-5

Gather and synthesize information about technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.

#### MS-LS4-6

Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.

#### WA Science (2024)

of life forms throughout the history of life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past.

#### MS-LS4-2

Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships.

#### MS-LS4-3

Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy.

#### MS-LS4-4

Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.

#### MS-LS4-5

Gather and synthesize information about technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.

#### MS-LS4-6

Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.

	over time.
MS-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe	MS-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe:
	What is Earth's place in the Universe? What
	makes up our solar system and how can the
	motion of Earth explain seasons and eclipses?
	How do people figure out that the Earth and
	life on Earth have changed through time?

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
MS-ESS1-1 Develop and use a model of the Earth-sun- moon system to describe the cyclic patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the sun and moon, and seasons.	<b>Priority: WA.MS.ESS1</b> Use data and modeling to explain Earth's history and place in the universe, including patterns of celestial motion and solar system dynamics.
MS-ESS1-2 Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within galaxies and the solar system. MS-ESS1-3	MS-ESS1-1 Develop and use a model of the Earth-sun- moon system to describe the cyclic patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the sun and moon, and seasons. [ESE]
Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system. MS-ESS1-4 Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history.	MS-ESS1-2 Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within galaxies and the solar system. MS-ESS1-3 Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system.
	MS-ESS1-4 Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history.
MS-ESS2 Earth's Systems	MS-ESS2 Earth's Systems: How do the materials in and on Earth's crust change over time? How does the movement of tectonic plates impact the surface of Earth? How does water influence weather, circulate in the oceans, and shape Earth's surface? What factors interact and influence weather? How have living organisms changed the Earth and how have Earth's changing conditions impacted living organisms?
MS-ESS2-1	Priority: WA.MS.ESS2
Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that	Use evidence, data, and modeling to create explanations of how Earth's major systems
drives this process.	(geosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, and biosphere) interact to shape Earth's surface
MS-ESS2-2	materials and processes.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Construct an explanation based on evidence	
for how geoscience processes have changed	MS-ESS2-1
Earth's surface at varying time and spatial	Develop a model to describe the cycling of
scales.	Earth's materials and the flow of energy
	that drives this process. [ESE]
MS-ESS2-3	
Analyze and interpret data on the distribution	MS-ESS2-2
of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes
past plate motions.	have changed Earth's surface at varying
	time and spatial scales. [ESE]
MS-ESS2-4	
Develop a model to describe the cycling of	MS-ESS2-3
water through Earth's systems driven by	Analyze and interpret data on the
energy from the sun and the force of gravity.	distribution of fossils and rocks, continental
	shapes, and seafloor structures to provide
MS-ESS2-5	evidence of the past plate motions.
Collect data to provide evidence for how the	
motions and complex interactions of air	MS-ESS2-4
masses result in changes in weather	Develop a model to describe the cycling of
conditions.	water through Earth's systems driven by
MS-ESS2-6	energy from the sun and the force of gravity. [ESE]
Develop and use a model to describe how	gravity. [LSL]
unequal heating and rotation of the Earth	MS-ESS2-5
cause patterns of atmospheric and oceanic	Collect data to provide evidence for how
circulation that determine regional climates.	the motions and complex interactions of
	air masses result in changes in weather
	conditions. [Climate] [ESE]
	MS-ESS2-6
	Develop and use a model to describe how
	unequal heating and rotation of the Earth
	cause patterns of atmospheric and oceanic
	circulation that determine regional climates. [Climate] [ESE]
MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity	MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity:
the Loop Later and Haman Activity	How is the availability of needed natural
	resources related to naturally occurring
	processes? How can natural hazards be
	predicted? How do human activities affect
	Earth systems? How do we know our global
	climate is changing?

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
MS-ESS3-1	Priority: WA.MS.ESS3
Construct a scientific explanation based on	Use data and evidence to construct
evidence for how the uneven distributions of	explanations about the impact of human
Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater	activities on Earth systems. Apply this
resources are the result of past and current	understanding to engineer methods for
geoscience processes.	monitoring and minimizing a human impact
	on the environment.
MS-ESS3-2	
Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards	MS-ESS3-1
to forecast future catastrophic events and	Construct a scientific explanation based on
inform the development of technologies to	evidence for how the uneven distributions
mitigate their effects.	of Earth's mineral, energy, and
MS-ESS3-3	groundwater resources are the result of
Apply scientific principles to design a method	past and current geoscience processes. [ESE]
for monitoring and minimizing a human	
impact on the environment.	MS-ESS3-2
inpact on the environment.	Analyze and interpret data on natural
MS-ESS3-4	hazards to forecast future catastrophic
Construct an argument supported by	events and inform the development of
evidence for how increases in human	technologies to mitigate their effects.
population and per-capita consumption of	[Climate] [ESE]
natural resources impact Earth's systems.	
	MS-ESS3-3
MS-ESS3-5	Apply scientific principles to design a
Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors	method for monitoring and minimizing a
that have caused the rise in global	human impact on the environment.
temperatures over the past century.	[Climate] [Engineering] [ESE]
	MS-ESS3-4
	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human
	population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
	[Climate] [ESE]
	MS-ESS3-5
	Ask questions to clarify evidence of the
	factors that have caused climate change
	over the past century. [Climate] [ESE]
Middle School Engineering Design	6-8 Enginnering, Technology, and
	Applications of Science

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
NGSS (2013)MS-ETS1-1Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.MS-ETS1-2Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.MS-ETS1-3Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.MS-ETS1-4 Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object,	WA Science (2024)Priority: WA.MS.ETS1Define problems that consider societal and environmental impacts; evaluate alternative solutions to defined problem. MS-ETS1-1Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions. [Climate] [ESE]MS-ETS1-2 Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem. [ESE]MS-ETS1-3 Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be
tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.	combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success. [ESE] MS-ETS1-4 Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved. [ESE] Environmental and Sustainability Education
Addition of Environmental and Sustainability Education	<b>Priority: WA.MS.ESE.1</b> Demonstrate understanding of the connections between ecological, social, and economic systems by designing and implementing civic engagement projects that address environmental justice and sustainability issues across different scales.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	MS.ESE.1-1 Apply understanding of ecological, social, and economic systems to develop and communicate solutions for environmental issues at local, regional, national, and tribal scales.
	MS.ESE.1-2 Design an investigation to gather, analyze, and present data about how the built environment of the local community improves or reduces environmental quality (e.g. impacts on/benefits to water quality, air quality, biodiversity, waste).
	MS.ESE.1-3 Conduct a project that specifies a local environmental problem, identifies solution paths, solves the problem, and reports results in a way that demonstrates individual knowledge, attitudes, and an understanding of personal and civic responsibility for environmental justice and sustainable communities.

# **High School**

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
HS-PS1 Matter and its Interactions	HS-PS1 Matter and its Interactions:
	How can one explain the structure, properties,
	and interactions of matter?
HS-PS1-1	Priority: WA.HS.PS1
Use the periodic table as a model to predict	Develop and use models of atomic structures
the relative properties of elements based on	and patterns in data to understand the
the patterns of electrons in the outermost	chemical properties of matter including
energy level of atoms.	outcomes of chemical reactions, nuclear
HS-PS1-2	reactions, and structures of substances. Apply
Construct and revise an explanation for the	this understanding to the energy of reactions, including rates and equilibrium with a refined
outcome of a simple chemical reaction based	design to increase the products of a reaction.
on the outermost electron states of atoms,	design to increase the products of a reaction.
trends in the periodic table, and knowledge of	HS-PS1-1
the patterns of chemical properties.	Use the periodic table as a model to
	predict the relative properties of elements
HS-PS1-3	based on the patterns of electrons in the
Plan and conduct an investigation to gather	outermost energy level of atoms.
evidence to compare the structure of	
substances at the bulk scale to infer the	HS-PS1-2
strength of electrical forces between particles.	Construct and revise an explanation for the
	outcome of a simple chemical reaction
HS-PS1-4	based on the outermost electron states of
Develop a model to illustrate that the release	atoms, trends in the periodic table, and
or absorption of energy from a chemical	knowledge of the patterns of chemical
reaction system depends upon the changes in total bond energy.	properties.
	HS-PS1-3
HS-PS1-5	Plan and conduct an investigation to
Apply scientific principles and evidence to	gather evidence to compare the structure
provide an explanation about the effects of	of substances at the bulk scale to infer the
changing the temperature or concentration of	strength of electrical forces between
the reacting particles on the rate at which a	particles.
reaction occurs.	
	HS-PS1-4
HS-PS1-6	Develop a model to illustrate that the
Refine the design of a chemical system by	release or absorption of energy from a
specifying a change in conditions that would	chemical reaction system depends upon
produce increased amounts of products at	the changes in total bond energy.
equilibrium.	

HS-PS1-5

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
HS-PS1-7 Use mathematical representations to support the claim that atoms, and therefore mass, are conserved during a chemical reaction.	Apply scientific principles and evidence to provide an explanation about the effects of changing the temperature or concentration of the reacting particles on the rate at
HS-PS1-8 Develop models to illustrate the changes in	which the reaction occurs. [ESE] HS-PS1-6
the composition of the nucleus of the atom and the energy released during the processes of fission, fusion, and radioactive decay.	Refine the design of a chemical system by specifying a change in conditions that would produce increased amounts of products at equilibrium. [Engineering]
	HS-PS1-7 Use mathematical representations to support the claim that atoms, and therefore mass, are conserved during a chemical reaction.
	HS-PS1-8 Develop model to illustrate the changes in composition of the nucleus of the atom
	and the energy released during the processes of fission, fusion, and radioactive decay.
HS-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and	HS-PS2 Motion and Stability: Forces and
Interactions	Interactions:
	How can one explain and predict interactions between objects and within systems of
	objects?
HS-PS2-1	Priority: WA.HS.PS2
Analyze data to support the claim that	Plan an investigation, collect data, and use
Newton's second law of motion describes the	representations to create claims about
mathematical relationship among the net	relationships between net force, mass, and acceleration of a single object and about
force on a macroscopic object, its mass, and its acceleration.	gravitational and electrostatic forces between
	objects, including magnets. Apply this
HS-PS2-2	understanding to systems of objects,
Use mathematical representations to support	designed materials, and collisions.
the claim that the total momentum of a	
system of objects is conserved when there is	HS-PS2-1 Analyze data to support the claim that
no net force on the system.	Analyze data to support the claim that Newton's second law of motion describes
HS-PS2-3	the mathematical relationship among the

WA Science (2024)
<ul> <li>WA Science (2024)</li> <li>net force on a macroscopic object, its mass, and its acceleration.</li> <li>HS-PS2-2</li> <li>Use mathematical representations to support the claim that the total momentum of a system of objects is conserved when there is no net force on the system.</li> <li>HS-PS2-3</li> <li>Apply scientific and engineering ideas to design, evaluate, and refine a device that minimizes the force on a macroscopic object during a collision. [Engineering]</li> <li>HS-PS2-4</li> <li>Use mathematical representations of Newton's Law of Gravitation and Coulomb's Law to describe and predict the gravitational and electrostatic forces between objects.</li> <li>HS-PS2-5</li> <li>Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that an electric current can produce a magnetic field and that a changing magnetic field can produce an electric current.</li> <li>HS-PS2-6</li> <li>Communicate scientific and technical information and to colous an electric and the colous an electric current.</li> </ul>
information about why the molecular-level structure is important in the functioning of designed materials. [Engineering] HS-PS3 Energy:
How is energy transferred and conserved?
<b>Priority: WA.HS.PS3</b> Use models and investigations to represent and understand the energy within objects and energy changes in systems. Apply this understanding through engineering a device that converts energy between forms and by

NC65 (2012)	W/A Science (2024)
NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024) relating how fields can change the energy of
HS-PS3-2	an object.
Develop and use models to illustrate that	an object.
energy at the macroscopic scale can be	HS-PS3-1
accounted for as a combination of energy	Create a computational model to calculate
associated with the motions of particles	the change in the energy of one
(objects) and energy associated with the	component in a system when the change
relative positions of particles (objects).	in energy of the other component(s) and
	energy flows in and out of the system are
HS-PS3-3	known.
Design, build, and refine a device that works	
within given constraints to convert one form	HS-PS3-2
of energy into another form of energy.	Develop and use models to illustrate that
	energy at the macroscopic scale can be
HS-PS3-4	accounted for as a combination of energy
Plan and conduct an investigation to provide	associated with the motions of particles
evidence that the transfer of thermal energy	(objects) and energy associated with the
when two components of different	relative positions of particles (objects).
temperature are combined within a closed	
system results in a more uniform energy	HS-PS3-3
distribution among the components in the	Design, build, and refine a device that
system (second law of thermodynamics).	works within given constraints to convert one form of energy into another form of
HS-PS3-5	energy. [Engineering] [ESE]
Develop and use a model of two objects	
interacting through electric or magnetic fields	HS-PS3-4
to illustrate the forces between objects and	Plan and conduct an investigation to
the changes in energy of the objects due to	provide evidence that the transfer of
the interaction.	thermal energy when two components of
	different temperature are combined within
	a closed system results in a more uniform
	energy distribution among the
	components in the system (second law of
	thermodynamics).
	HS-PS3-5
	Develop and use a model of two objects
	interacting through electric or magnetic
	fields to illustrate the forces between
	objects and the changes in energy of the
	objects due to the interaction.
HS-PS4 Waves and Their Applications in	HS-PS4 Waves and Their Applications in
Technologies for Information Transfer	Technologies for Information Transfer:

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	How are waves used to transfer energy and
	send and store information?
HS-PS4-1 Use mathematical representations to support a claim regarding relationships among the frequency, wavelength, and speed of waves traveling in various media. HS-PS4-2 Evaluate questions about the advantages of using a digital transmission and storage of information.	<b>Priority: WA.HS.PS4</b> Evaluate the validity and reliability of claims behind the idea that electromagnetic radiation can be described by a wave model and a particle model, the effects different frequencies of electromagnetic radiation have when absorbed by matter, and how the interactions of electromagnetic radiation with matter can be used by technological devices to capture, store, and transmit information
HS-PS4-3 Evaluate the claims, evidence, and reasoning behind the idea that electromagnetic radiation can be described either by a wave model or a particle model, and that for some situations one model is more useful than the other.	and energy. HS-PS4-1 Use mathematical representations to support a claim regarding relationships among the frequency, wavelength, and speed of waves traveling in various media.
HS-PS4-4 Evaluate the validity and reliability of claims in published materials of the effects that different frequencies of electromagnetic radiation have when absorbed by matter. HS-PS4-5 Communicate technical information about how some technological devices use the principles of wave behavior and wave interactions with matter to transmit and capture information and energy.	HS-PS4-2 Evaluate questions about the advantages of using digital transmission and storage of information. HS-PS4-3 Evaluate the claims, evidence, and reasoning behind the idea that electromagnetic radiation can be described either by a wave model or a particle model, and that for some situations one model is more useful than the other.
capture information and energy.	HS-PS4-4 Evaluate the validity and reliability of claims in published materials of the effects that different frequencies of electromatic radiation have when absorbed by matter. [Climate] HS-PS4-5 Communicate technical information about how some technological devices use the
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NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	principles of wave behavior and wave
	interactions with matter to transmit and
	capture information and energy.
	[Engineering]
HS-LS1 From Molecule to Organisms:	HS-LS1 From Molecule to Organisms:
Structures and Processes	Structures and Processes:
	How do organisms live and grow?
HS-LS1-1	Priority: WA.HS.LS1
Construct an explanation based on evidence	Use evidence and develop models to explain
for how the structure of DNA determines the	the functioning of cells within organisms,
structure of proteins which carry out the	including how cells use matter to create
essential functions of life through systems of	structures like proteins and more cells, and
specialized cells.	how cells transfer, store, and use energy.
HS-LS1-2	HS-LS1-1
Develop and use a model to illustrate the	
hierarchical organization of interacting	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA
systems that provide specific functions within	determines the structure of proteins which
multicellular organisms.	carry out the essential functions of life
	through systems of specialized cells.
HS-LS1-3	through systems of specialized cells.
Plan and conduct an investigation to provide	HS-LS1-2
evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain	Develop and use a model to illustrate the
homeostasis.	hierarchical organization of interacting
	systems that provide specific functions
HS-LS1-4	within multicellular organisms.
Use a model to illustrate the role of cellular	
division (mitosis) and differentiation in	HS-LS1-3
producing and maintaining complex	Plan and conduct an investigation to
organisms.	provide evidence that feedback
	mechanisms maintain homeostasis.
HS-LS1-5	
Use a model to illustrate how photosynthesis	HS-LS1-4
transforms light energy into stored chemical	Use a model to illustrate the role of cellular
energy.	division (mitosis) and differentiation in
	producing and maintaining complex
HS-LS1-6	organisms.
Construct and revise an explanation based on	-
evidence for how carbon, hydrogen, and	HS-LS1-5
oxygen from sugar molecules may combine	Use a model to illustrate how
with other elements to form amino acids	photosynthesis transforms light energy
and/or other large carbon- based molecules.	into stored chemical energy.

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
HS-LS1-7	HS-LS1-6
Use a model to illustrate that cellular respiration is a chemical process whereby the	Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for how carbon, hydrogen,
bonds of food molecules and oxygen	and oxygen from sugar molecules may
molecules are broken and the bonds in new	combine with other elements to form
compounds are formed resulting in a net	amino acids and/or other large carbon-
transfer of energy.	based molecules.
	HS-LS1-7
	Use a model to illustrate that cellular
	respiration is a chemical process whereby
	the bonds of food molecules and oxygen molecules are broken and the bonds in
	new compounds are formed resulting in a
	net transfer of energy.
HS-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics	HS-LS2 Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics:
Dynamics	How and why do organisms interact with their
	environment, and what are the effects of
	these interactions?
HS-LS2-1	Priority: WA.HS.LS2
Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of	Use mathematical representations and models to understand stability and change within
factors that affect carrying capacity of	ecosystems, considering the cycling of energy
ecosystems at different scales	and matter, biodiversity, and carrying
	capacity. Apply this understanding to design a
HS-LS2-2	solution that would reduce human impacts on
Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence	an ecosystem.
about factors affecting biodiversity and	HS-LS2-1
populations in ecosystems of different scales.	Use mathematical and/or computational
	representations to support explanations of
HS-LS2-3 Construct and revise an explanation based on	factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales. [Climate]
evidence for the cycling of matter and flow of	[ESE]
energy in aerobic and anaerobic conditions.	
	HS-LS2-2
HS-LS2-4 Use mathematical representations to support	Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on
claims for the cycling of matter and flow of	evidence about factors affecting
energy among organisms in an ecosystem.	biodiversity and populations in ecosystems
	of different scales. [Climate] [ESE]
HS-LS2-5	

NCCC (2012)	MA Science (2024)
NGSS (2013) Develop a model to illustrate the role of	WA Science (2024) HS-LS2-3
photosynthesis and cellular respiration in the	Construct and revise an explanation based
cycling of carbon among the biosphere,	on evidence for the cycling of matter and
atmosphere, hydrosphere, and geosphere.	flow of energy in aerobic and anaerobic
	conditions. [ESE]
HS-LS2-6	
Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning that	HS-LS2-4
the complex interactions in ecosystems	Use mathematical representations to
maintain relatively consistent numbers and	support claims or the cycling of matter and
types of organisms in stable conditions, but changing conditions may result in a new	flow of energy among organisms in an
ecosystem.	ecosystem. [Climate] [ESE]
	HS-LS2-5
HS-LS2-7	Develop a model to illustrate the role of
Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for	photosynthesis and cellular respiration in
reducing the impacts of human activities on	the cycling of carbon among the
the environment and biodiversity.	biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and
	geosphere. [Climate] [ESE]
HS-LS2-8	
Evaluate the evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to	HS-LS2-6 Evaluate claims, evidence, and reasoning
survive and reproduce.	that the complex interactions in
	ecosystems maintain relatively consistent
	numbers and types of organisms in stable
	conditions, but changing conditions may
	result in a new ecosystem. [Climate] [ESE]
	HS-LS2-7
	Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of human activities
	on the environment and biodiversity.
	[Climate] [Engineering] [ESE]
	HS-LS2-8
	Evaluate the evidence for the role of group
	behavior on individual and species'
	chances to survive and reproduce.
HS-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits	HS-LS3 Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits:
Traits	How are characteristics of one generation
	passed to the next? How can individuals of
	the same species and even siblings have
	different characteristics?

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
HS-LS3-1	Priority: WA.HS.LS3
Ask questions to clarify relationships about	Ask questions and create claims to
the role of DNA and chromosomes in coding	understand the relationship between traits in
the instructions for characteristic traits passed	an organism and the role of DNA in inheriting
from parents to offspring.	expressed traits. Apply this understanding
	with concepts of statistics to explain the
HS-LS3-2	variation of traits in a population.
Make and defend a claim based on evidence	
that inheritable genetic variations may result	HS-LS3-1
from: (1) new genetic combinations through meiosis, (2) viable errors occurring during	Ask questions to clarify relationships about the role of DNA and chromosomes in
replication, and/or (3) mutations caused by	coding the instructions for characteristic
environmental factors.	traits passed from parents to offspring.
HS-LS3-3	HS-LS3-2
Apply concepts of statistics and probability to	Make and defend a claim based on
explain the variation and distribution of	evidence that inheritable genetic variations
expressed traits in a population.	may result from: (1) new genetic
	combinations through meiosis, (2) viable
	errors occurring during replication, and/or
	(3) mutations caused by environmental
	factors. [ESE]
	HS-LS3-3
	Apply concepts of statistics and probability
	to explain the variation and distribution of
	expressed traits in a population.
HS.LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and	HS.LS4 Biological Evolution: Unity and
Diversity	Diversity:
	What evidence shows that different species
	are related?
HS-LS4-1	Priority: WA.HS.LS4
Communicate scientific information that	Use data, evidence, and mathematical
common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical	reasoning to explain the process of evolution via natural selection. Apply this understanding
evidence.	to a solution to mitigate the adverse impacts
	of human activity on biodiversity.
HS-LS4-2	,
Construct an explanation based on evidence	HS-LS4-1
that the process of evolution primarily results	Communicate scientific information that
from four factors: (1) the potential for a	common ancestry and biological evolution
species to increase in number, (2) the	are supported by multiple lines of empirical
heritable genetic variation of individuals in a	evidence.

## NGSS (2013)

species due to mutation and sexual reproduction, (3) competition for limited resources, and (4) the proliferation of those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment.

#### HS-LS4-3

Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms lacking this trait.

#### HS-LS4-4

Construct an explanation based on evidence for how natural selection leads to adaptation of populations.

#### HS-LS4-5

Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species.

#### HS-LS4-6

Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.

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#### HS-LS4-2

Construct an explanation based on evidence that the process of evolution primarily results from four factors: (1) the potential for a species to increase in number, (2) the heritable genetic variation of individuals in a species due to mutation and sexual reproduction, (3) competition for limited resources, and (4) the proliferation of those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment. [ESE]

#### HS-LS4-3

Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms lacking this trait.

HS-LS4-4

Construct an explanation based on evidence for how natural selection leads to adaptation of populations.

#### HS-LS4-5

Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species. [Climate] [ESE]

## HS-LS4-6

Create or revise a simulation to test a<br/>solution to mitigate adverse impacts of<br/>human activity on biodiversity. [Climate]<br/>[Engineering] [ESE]HS-ESS1 Earth's Place in the UniverseHS-ESS1 Earth's Place in the Universe:<br/>What is Earth's place in the Universe? What<br/>makes up our solar system and how can the

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	motion of Earth explain seasons and eclipses?
	How do people figure out that the Earth and
HS-ESS1-1	life on Earth have changed through time? Priority: WA.HS.ESS1
Develop a model based on evidence to	Use mathematical and computational thinking
illustrate the life span of the sun and the role	to qualitatively predict the motion of objects
of nuclear fusion in the sun's core to release	in the solar system, describe that the
energy in the form of radiation.	processes and elements produced within stars
	depend on the mass and age of the star, and
HS-ESS1-2	apply evidence to construct an account of
Construct an explanation of the Big Bang	Earth's formation and early history.
theory based on astronomical evidence of	
light spectra, motion of distant galaxies, and	HS-ESS1-1
composition of matter in the universe.	Develop a model based on evidence to illustrate the life span of the sun and the
HS-ESS1-3	role of nuclear fusion in the sun's core to
Communicate scientific ideas about the way	release energy in the form of radiation.
stars, over their life cycle, produce elements.	55
	HS-ESS1-2
HS-ESS1-4	Construct an explanation of the Big Bang
Use mathematical or computational	theory based on astronomical evidence of
representations to predict the motion of	light spectra, motion of distant galaxies,
orbiting objects in the solar system.	and composition of matter in the universe.
HS-ESS1-5	HS-ESS1-3
Evaluate evidence of the past and current	Communicate scientific ideas about the
movements of continental and oceanic crust	way stars, over their life cycle, produce
and the theory of plate tectonics to explain	elements.
the ages of crustal rocks.	
	HS-ESS1-4
HS-ESS1-6	Use mathematical or computational
Apply scientific reasoning and evidence from	representations to predict the motion of
ancient Earth materials, meteorites, and other planetary surfaces to construct an account of	orbiting objects in the solar system.
Earth's formation and early history.	HS-ESS1-5
	Evaluate evidence of the past and current
	movements of continental and oceanic
	crust and the theory of plate tectonics to
	explain the ages of crustal rocks.
	HS-ESS1-6
	Apply scientific reasoning and evidence
	from ancient Earth materials, meteorites,

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	and other planetary surfaces to construct
	an account of Earth's formation and early
	history.
HS-ESS2 Earth's Systems	HS-ESS2 Earth's Systems:
	How do the materials in and on Earth's crust
	change over time? How does the movement
	of tectonic plates impact the surface of Earth?
	How does water influence weather, circulate in
	the oceans, and shape Earth's surface? What
	factors interact and influence weather? How
	have living organisms changed the Earth and
	how have Earth's changing conditions
	impacted living organisms?
HS-ESS2-1	Priority: WA.HS.ESS2
Develop a model to illustrate how Earth's	Develop and use models based on data and
internal and surface processes operate at	evidence to describe how changes in Earth's
different spatial and temporal scales to form continental and ocean- floor features.	internal and surface processes, especially
continental and ocean- noor leatures.	climate, are caused by variations in energy flow into and out of Earth's systems at
HS-ESS2-2	different size and time scales.
Analyze geoscience data to make the claim	
that one change to Earth's surface can create	HS-ESS2-1
feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth	Develop a model to illustrate how Earth's
systems.	internal and surface processes operate at
	different spatial and temporal scales to
HS-ESS2-3	form continental and ocean-floor features.
Develop a model based on evidence of Earth's	
interior to describe the cycling of matter by	HS-ESS2-2
thermal convection.	Analyze geoscience data to make the claim
	that one change to Earth's surface can
HS-ESS2-4	create feedbacks that cause changes to
Use a model to describe how variations in the	other Earth systems. [ESE]
flow of energy into and out of Earth's systems	
result in changes in climate.	HS-ESS2-3
	Develop a model based on evidence of
5	matter by thermal convection.
materiais and surface processes.	
HS-ESS2-5 Plan and conduct an investigation of the properties of water and its effects on Earth materials and surface processes. HS-ESS2-6	Develop a model based on evidence of Earth's interior to describe the cycling of matter by thermal convection. HS-ESS2-4 Use a model to describe how variation in the flow of energy into and out of Earth's systems result in changes in climate. [Climate] [ESE]

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Develop a quantitative model to describe the cycling of carbon among the hydrosphere, atmosphere, geosphere, and biosphere. HS-ESS2-7 Construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.	HS-ESS2-5 Plan and conduct an investigation of the properties of water and its effects on Earth materials and surface processes. [ESE] HS-ESS2-6 Develop a quantitative model to describe the cycling of carbon among the hydrosphere, atmosphere, geosphere, and biosphere. [Climate] [ESE]
	HS-ESS2-7 Construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.
HS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity	HS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity: How is the availability of needed natural resources related to naturally occurring processes? How can natural hazards be predicted? How do human activities affect Earth systems? How do we know our global climate is changing?
HS-ESS3-1 Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity. HS-ESS3-2 Evaluate competing design solutions for developing, managing, and utilizing energy and mineral resources based on cost- benefit ratios.	<b>Priority: WA.HS.ESS3</b> Use computational representations based on evidence to explain how human activity modifies relationships between and among Earth's systems and human activity and to predict how the rate of a changing climate can impact Earth's systems and human activity. Apply this understanding to solutions that reduce the impacts of human activities on natural systems.
HS-ESS3-3 Create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among the management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity HS-ESS3-4	HS-ESS3-1 Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity. [Climate] [ESE] HS-ESS3-2

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
Evaluate or refine a technological solution	Evaluate competing design solutions for
that reduces impacts of human activities on	developing, managing, and utilizing energy
natural systems.	and mineral resources based on cost-
HS-ESS3-5	benefit ratios. [Climate] [Engineering] [ESE]
	HS-ESS3-3
Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an evidence-	Create a computational simulation to
based forecast of the current rate of global or	illustrate the relationships among the
regional climate change and associated future	management of natural resources, the
impacts to Earth's systems.	sustainability of human populations, and
impacts to Earth's systems.	biodiversity. [ESE]
HS-ESS3-6	
Use a computational representation to	HS-ESS3-4
illustrate the relationships among Earth	Evaluate or refine a technological solution
systems and how those relationships are	that reduces impacts of human activities on
being modified due to human activity.	natural systems. [Climate] [Engineering]
	[ESE]
	HS-ESS3-5
	Analyze geoscience data and results from
	global climate models to make an
	evidence-based forecast of the current rate
	of global or regional climate change and
	associated future impacts to Earth's
	systems. [Climate] [ESE]
	HS-ESS3-6
	Use computational representation to
	illustrate the relationship among Earth
	systems and how those relationships are
	being modified due to human activity.
	[ESE]
High School Engineering Design	9-12 Engineering, Technology, and
	Applications of Science
HS-ETS1-1	Priority: WA.HS.ETS1
Analyze a major global challenge to specify	Design, evaluate, and refine a solution to a
qualitative and quantitative criteria and	complex problem that can be solved through
constraints for solutions that account for	engineering while considering real-world
societal needs and wants.	criteria such as social, cultural, and
HS-ETS1-2	environmental impacts in addition to
Design a solution to a complex real- world	constraints such as safety and reliability.
problem by breaking it down into smaller,	HS-ETS-1-1

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
more manageable problems that can be	Analyze a major global challenge to specify
solved through engineering.	qualitative and quantitative criteria and
	constraints for solutions that account for
HS-ETS1-3	societal needs and wants. [Climate] [ESE]
Evaluate a solution to a complex real- world	
problem based on prioritized criteria and	HS-ETS-1-2
trade- offs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability,	Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller,
and aesthetics as well as possible social,	more manageable problems that can be
cultural, and environmental impacts.	solved through engineering. [Climate] [ESE]
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HS-ETS1-4	HS-ETS-1-3
Use a computer simulation to model the	Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world
impact of proposed solutions to a complex	problem based on prioritized criteria and
real- world problem with numerous criteria	trade-offs that account for a range of
and constraints on interactions within and	constraints, including cost, safety,
between systems relevant to the problem.	reliability, and aesthetics as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts.
	[Climate] [ESE]
	HS-ETS-1-4
	Use a computer simulation to model the
	impact of proposed solutions to a complex
	real-world problem with numerous criteria
	and constraints on interactions within and
	between systems relevant to the problem. [Climate] [ESE]
	How can humans work with nature to design
	sustainable systems that benefit the
	environment, economy, and society for factors
	like public health, access to nature, and future
	access to natural resources?
	Priority: WA.HS.ESE.1
	Engage in place-based learning to understand
	how the natural world, urban systems, and the economy interact, and through project-based
Addition of Environmental and	learning, identify and address environmental
Sustainability Education	problems to support equitable and
	sustainable systems in scales from local to
	global.
	HS.ESE.1-1

NGSS (2013)	WA Science (2024)
	Apply understanding of ecological, social, and economic systems to develop and communicate solutions for environmental issues at local, regional, national, tribal, and global scales.
	HS.ESE.1-2 Engage in place-based inquiry to gather, analyze, and evaluate information, modeling connections that explain one or more ways that humans can support natural and human-built environments for environmental sustainability or climate change resiliency.
	HS.ESE.1-3 Conduct a project that specifies a local influence on a global environmental problem, identifies solution paths, takes steps to solve the problem, and reports results to demonstrate the knowledge, attitudes, and understanding of personal and civic responsibility required to ensure environmental justice and sustainable communities.