



Washington School Improvement Framework: Graduation

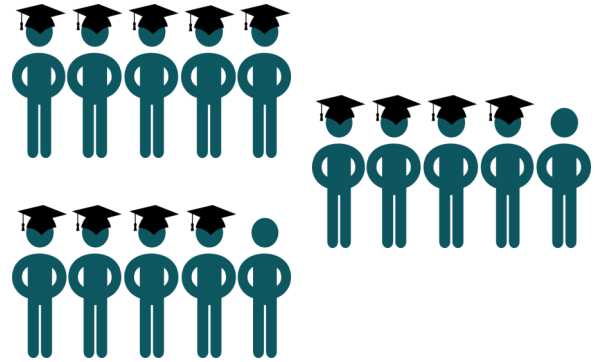
HOW IS IT CALCULATED?

Data from the three most recent four-year cohorts is combined to calculate the percentage of students who started 9th grade together who graduated in a four-year time frame. Students are included in the cohort based on when they first enter 9th grade, regardless of their expected graduation year.

HOW IS THE SCORE ASSIGNED?

The four-year graduation rate is scored from 1 to 10, representing that school's performance in comparison to the rest of the state. The measure will be reported and calculated for each student group within a school.

Up to 2 additional bonus points can be added to a school's score, with a max score of 10.



GRADUATION BONUS POINTS

The graduation calculation recognizes the work schools do to serve students after four years by including possible bonus points for schools that have made the most significant gains in transitioning students in years five, six, and seven.

The bonus calculation looks at the percentage increase of students who graduate in extended time frames. Specifically, for 2024: the change of the 2023 four- to five-year cohort, plus the change of the 2022 five to six-year cohort, plus the change of the 2021 six to seven-year cohort.

The three percentage changes from those three cohorts will be combined, and a school will be assigned a bonus score of 0, 1, or 2 based on the distribution of increases statewide.

